NEED TO KNOW LAWS FOR APES

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| Alien Species Prevention and Enforcement Act | Prevents the introduction of pest plants and animals into Hawaii |
| Animal Damage Control Act | Control predatory or nuisance mammals and birds from domestic stock |
| Antarctic Conservation Act | Protection of fauna and flora of Antarctica |
| Antiquities Act | Can declare federal lands as national monuments for the purpose of protecting sites |
| Atlantic Coastal Fisheries Cooperative Management Act | Implement coastal fishery management plans to promote interstate conservation of fishery resources, especially the American Lobster |
| Bald Eagle Protection Act | Prohibits the taking, possession or commerce of bald and golden eagles or their parts |
| **Convention on International Treaty on Endangered Species (CITES)** | **Protects endangered species from being sold between countries** |
| **Clean Air Act** | **-Establish standards for air pollutants from stationary and mobile sources**  **-Adopt a nationally uniform ambient air quality standards (NAAQS)**  **-Establish standards for hazardous air pollutants**  **-Establish a program for controlling substances that lead to ozone depletion**  **-Establishes an emission allotment and trading program for sulfur dioxide** |
| **Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)** | **-Provides for cleanup of sites contaminated by hazardous substances through the Hazardous Substance Superfund if the waste site is abandoned**  **-Imposes liability for cleanup of hazardous superfund sites on companies and requires they pay for the cleanup - "polluter pays" principle**  **-Responsible parties of superfund sites have to pay damages to federal, state, or tribal governments for destruction of natural resources**  **-EPA sets priorities of worst sites on National Priority List** |
| Dolphin Protection Consumer Information Act | Prohibits the false labeling of tuna products if harvesting methods are injurious to tuna |
| **Migratory Bird Hunting and Conservation Stamp Act (Duck Stamp Act)** | **The funds gained from hunting permits are to be used for buying and maintaining wetland areas that these waterfowl inhabit** |
| **Emergency Wetlands Resources Act** | **-Promote wetland conservation for public benefit and to fulfill international obligations in migratory bird treaties**  **-Authorizes the purchase of wetlands from Land and Water Conservation Fund monies and sell Golden Eagle and Golden Age passports** |
| **Endangered Species Act**  **Endangered Species Act cont..** | **-Provides for broad protection for species of fish, wildlife and plants that are listed as threatened or endangered in the US or elsewhere**  **-Provides for broad protection for species of fish, wildlife and plants that are listed as threatened or endangered in the US or elsewhere**  **-Outlines procedures for agencies to follow when actions would jeopardize listed species - Provides legislation that upholds the CITES treaty with other nations concerning endangered animals and plants** |
| **Energy Policy Act (Global Climate Change)** | **-Devise a least-cost strategy in the National Energy Plan**  **-Design and utilize methods of alternative energy and more efficient use of fossil fuels** |
| Estuarine Areas Act | Estuarine Areas Act |
| **Food Security Act (Farm Bill)** | **-Promotes the conservation of wetlands on agricultural lands**  **-Provides for the protection of wildlife habitat and water quality of wetlands** |
| Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act (Pittman-Robertson Act) | provides federal aid to the states for the management and restoration of wildlife funded through an excise tax on sporting arms |
| **Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA)** | **-8 Establishes a system for controlling the sale of pesticides**  **-Requires that all pesticides be labeled and be used according to its labeling**  **-Requires all companies using concentrated pesticides to undergo application certification** |
| **Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (Delaney Clause)** | **Regulates pesticide residue in processed foods** |
| Federal Noxious Weed Act | Management of plants that injure agricultural crops, wildlife resources, or the public health |
| Federal Plant Pest Act | Regulates the interstate movement of pest plants and their eradication |
| **Fish and Wildlife Act** | **-Regulates the market flow of fish and fishery products**  **-Collection and dissemination of statistics concerning fish and their habitat**  **-Provides for the studying of effects of pesticides and toxic substances on fish and their bioaccumulation** |
| **Fish and Wildlife Conservation Act (Nongame Act)** | **-Conservation plans for fish and wildlife which include population studies**  **-Monitor and assess changes to migratory birds and their habitats**  **-Identify birds likely to be candidates for endangered species listing** |
| **Global Climate Change Prevention Act** | **Researching climate change and establishing a Global Climate Change Program** |
| International Environmental Protection Act | Authorizes the President to assist countries in protecting and maintaining wildlife habitats |
| International Forestry Cooperation Act | Provide assistance to other countries in maintaining their forests that would have substantial impact on greenhouse gas emissions related to global warming |
| Intervention of the High Seas Act | Authorizes measures to prevent and mitigate oil pollution damage on the high seas that affect the US coastline |
| **Lacey Act and Amendments** | **-Authorizes measures to aid in restoring game and other birds in the US**  **-Makes it unlawful to import, etc., fish wildlife and plants across interstate lines as well as foreign countries** |
| Land and Water Conservation Fund Act | Regulates recreation user fees and establishes a fund for acquisition of lands and waters for recreation purposes |
| **Marine Mammal Protection Act** | **Establishes a moratorium on the taking and importing of marine mammals** |
| **Migratory Bird Conservation Act** | **-Approve areas to be set aside as reservations for migratory birds -Protects wetland areas** |
| Migratory Bird Treaty Act | Protection of migratory birds between countries |
| **Mining Law of 1872** | **Authorizes the sale of federal public lands for the purpose of mining hard rock minerals** |
| Multiple-Use Sustained-Yield Act | National forests are to be used for outdoor recreation, range, timber production, and a watershed for fish and wildlife |
| National and Community Service Act | Provides funding for school and community-based service-learning programs |
| National Environmental Education Act | Supports educational programs to improve awareness of environmental problems |
| National Appliance Energy Conservation Act | Mandates that manufacturers make use of readily available technologies in building energy efficient appliances |
| **National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)** | **Federal agencies must prepare a environmental impact statement (EIS) for any federal action** |
| **National Invasive Species Act** | **Develop national guidelines to prevent the introduction and spread of non-indigenous species into the US by ballast water** |
| **National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act** | **Management of areas deemed part of the national wildlife refuge system for the protection of fish and wildlife threatened with extinction** |
| **N. American Wetlands Conservation Act** | **Develop a wetland conservation strategy, manage the distribution and diversity of wetland ecosystems for migratory birds between countries of North America** |
| Ocean Dumping Act | Regulates intentional disposal of materials into oceans |
| **Oil Pollution Act** | **-Regulates intentional disposal of materials into oceans**  **-Mandates spill cleanup procedures** |
| Partnerships for Wildlife Act | Encourage partnerships between federal, state, and local governments in wildlife conservation |
| **Pollution Prevention Act** | **-Focus on reducing pollution through source reduction instead of post-consumer ends**  **-Companies are required to report toxic releases each year**  **-EPA works with companies mostly on a voluntary basis - companies are allowed to police themselves** |
| **Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)** | **-Regulation of hazardous waste from cradle to grave - establishes rules for the handling of such waste from the time it is generated, packaged, transported, used, and disposal**  **-Major areas of regulation: landfills, underground storage tanks, hazardous waste disposal, transportation, permits, recordkeeping and reporting** |
| Soil and Water Resources Conservation Act | Creation of the Soil and Water Conservation program to assist landowners in soil & water conservation |
| **Safe Drinking Water Act** | **-The EPA sets national standards for drinking water quality in surface water and groundwater for all public water facilities**  **-Primary drinking water regulations include a maximum contaminant level (MCL) and a prescribed treatment that would prevent adverse health effects** |
| Submerged Lands Act | Grants coastal states title to offshore lands within a 3mile limit as well as the rights to the natural resources within that boundary |
| **Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA)** | **-Increases state involvement in the Superfund program regarding hazardous waste cleanup**  **-Requires EPA to revise the Hazard Ranking System (HRS) to assess the degree of risk to human health of hazardous waste sites that would be put on a National Priorities List (NPL) for cleanup** |
| **Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act (SMCRA)** | **-Created an Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund for cleaning up surface mines**  **-Require mine owners to reclaim the land (filling it in, topsoil, and reseeding) after mining.**  **-Mine owners have to take pro-environmental measures to insure there is no acid mine drainage** |
| Taylor Grazing Act | The first federal effort to regulate grazing on federal land (so that the 'Tragedy of the Commons' does not happen) by issuing permits for grazing |
| **Toxic Substances Control Act** | **-Requires testing of chemical substances that might be toxic to humans.**  **-Regulate the manufacturing, labeling, use and disposal of toxic substances**  **-Also covers the following programs: radon, lead in buildings, asbestos protection** |
| Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act | Authorizes federal assistance to local organizations for projects in watershed areas for conservation |
| **Wild and Scenic Rivers Act** | **Establishes as National Wild and Scenic Rivers System for the protection of rivers with important scenic and other environmental values** |
| **Wilderness Act** | **Establishes a National Wilderness Preservation System within the national refuge and park systems to maintain these areas as wilderness areas** |
| **Clean Water Act** | **-unlawful to discharge any pollutant from a point source into navigable waters, unless a permit was obtained**  **-**establishes the basic structure for regulating discharges of pollutants into the waters of the United States and regulating quality standards for surface waters |